{EXPOSING} the silence project

Cristen Pascucci

Lindsay Askins

Vice President, Improving Birth

Founder, Birth Monopoly

Co-creator, Exposing the Silence Project Birth photographer & doula, Spot of Serendipity

Co-creator, Exposing the Silence Project

Project Background

Purpose

Community-based project to document birth trauma & postpartum mental health implications

Cristen & Lindsay trauma counseling training

1 - 2 hour private interview,
 audio or video recorded
 30-minute photo shoot

Private online forum for participants

Cross-Country Road Trip, 2015-2016



Media in U.S., U.K., and Australia



BIRTH

Bullied, Powerless, and Defeated: 45 Women Share Their Striking Birth Stories



Beth Greenfield Senior Writer July 8, 2015





Emotional photo essay reveals a darker side to the delivery room as mothers detail how they were 'bullied' by doctors during birth and 'forced' to undergo invasive procedures against their will



THE HUFFINGTON POST

INFORM - INSPIRE - ENTERTAIN - EMPOWER

Women Open Up About Negative Birth Experiences In Emotional Photo Series

"Most women are very hesitant to speak about what they've been through."

Childbirth & PTSD

Trauma: self-defined

PTSD: clinical diagnosis

Posttraumatic stress disorder in new mothers: Results from a two-stage U.S. national survey (2011)

900 women

- 1.7-9% met PTSD criteria > 6 mos. after birth 8 variables for elevated symptom levels incl.
 - pressure for induction and epidural
 - not breastfeeding as long as wanted
 - not exclusively breastfeeding at 1 month

Risk factors for PTSD: Coercion during labor and history of abuse (Abstract, 2014)

Study definition for coercion:

"You felt like you had no choice to do what the provider or somebody else told you, or your wishes were not heard or were disregarded." 1,125 U.S. women of childbearing age

42% experienced childhood abuse

67% reported coercion in childbirth

34% scored at/above cutoff for PTSD

Coercion in childbirth stronger predictor of postpartum PTSD than childhood abuse

Elimination & Prevention of Disrespect & Abuse during Facility-Based Childbirth World Health Organization (2014)

Humiliation and verbal abuse

Coercive or unconsented medical procedures

Failure to obtain fully informed consent

Refusal of admission to health facilities

Threats to abandon care

Results

70+ women

12 states

Almost 60% were Cesarean births Several maternal near-misses & perinatal deaths

Several nurses and doulas

Themes

"I had no voice"
"No one was listening to me"

Mother/baby separation at birth (especially in Cesarean births)

Objectification (being acted upon)

Stories behind the statistics



They threatened to tie me down, so I kept my body in a crucifix. I cried. I vomited. I pleaded with the anesthesiologist to please wipe my mouth. He pretended not to see.



I felt like a cow being passed down the assembly line... Somebody came over, I couldn't even see who it was, and they strapped me down... When we came home, [my husband and I] both broke down and cried on the floor.



I said, "Stop!" but she kept going. I felt so small. I didn't feel like I had the strength to make her stop. I realized then my body wasn't mine anymore... It was theirs.

I had no feelings. No connection, no bond to my baby. It was like she wasn't mine. It was just a baby.

For the first year, maybe more, I went through life pretty much convinced she would be better off without me or with somebody else.



People kept saying at least you and the baby are healthy, but I'm NOT healthy. I've been in trauma counseling for almost two years, taking anti-anxiety meds for the first time in my life. It's crazy how people dismiss it.



Discussion

Stories behind public health statistics

Patients have answers to improve care & outcomes

Practice Implications

Honor informed consent & refusal

"Be Nice"

Lawsuits: Last resort for patients who feel ignored

Conclusion

How women are treated
—not birth outcome—
that is major source of trauma

Much trauma is avoidable

Questions?

exposingthesilenceproject.com